

Notice of default and demand
failure to uphold the Constitution

APR 17 2023

KEVIN P. WEIMER, Clerk
By: Deputy Clerk

I am here before this Court enacting my "article 6, bill of rights; to stand for this matter with no title (pro-se, or defendant) and no representation (counsel of any nature); hereby declining any and all Counsel of one Bruce S. Harvey and one James Roland Hodes, for their ineffectiveness in assistance of Counsel (1) within this matter; is this not my rights? (see attached article 6, bill of right)

I hereby decline any and all titles forced upon me by the Counsel(s) and this Court, and decline all Court appointed Counsel, and do not wish to be forced to have a Counsel; to be forced to bear the burden of "prose," "defendant," and to have your Counsel; would be a violation and conspiracy to my rights under "USC 18 § 241," "USC 18 § 242," USC 18 § 2382; is this not true?

I say now, all herein be true and will verify in open Court;

nothing in this "notice of default and demand" can be construed as any "motion" or anything else except, a "notice and default and demand" by this Court;

(1) (see attached)



I reserve all of my rights;
(Ucc 1-308) and I do not consent
anything further within this Court
Arturo of the Gonzalez-Renteria Family
Amen Amen Run

April 11, 2023

States, and between a State, or the Citizens thereof, and foreign States, Citizens or Subjects.

²In all Cases affecting Ambassadors, other public Ministers and Consuls, and those in which a State shall be Party, the supreme Court shall have original Jurisdiction. In all the other Cases before mentioned, the supreme Court shall have appellate Jurisdiction, both as to Law and Fact, with such Exceptions, and under such Regulations as the Congress shall make.

³The Trial of all Crimes, except in Cases of Impeachment, shall be by Jury; and such Trial shall be held in the State where the said Crimes shall have been committed; but when not committed within any State, the Trial shall be at such Place or Places as the Congress may by Law have directed.

SECTION. 3. ¹Treason against the United States, shall consist only in levying War against them, or in adhering to their Enemies, giving them Aid and Comfort. No Person shall be convicted of Treason unless on the Testimony of two Witnesses to the same overt Act, or on Confession in open Court.

²The Congress shall have Power to declare the Punishment of Treason, but no Attainder of Treason shall work Corruption of Blood, or Forfeiture except during the Life of the Person attainted.

ARTICLE. IV.

SECTION. 1. Full Faith and Credit shall be given in each State to the public Acts, Records, and judicial Proceedings of every other State. And the Congress may by general Laws prescribe the Manner in which such Acts, Records and Proceedings shall be proved, and the Effect thereof.

SECTION. 2. ¹The Citizens of each State shall be entitled to all Privileges and Immunities of Citizens in the several States.

²A Person charged in any State with Treason, Felony, or other Crime, who shall flee from Justice, and be found in another State, shall on Demand of the executive Authority of the State from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the State having Jurisdiction of the Crime.

³No Person held to Service or Labour in one State, under the Laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in Consequence of any Law or Regulation therein, be discharged from such Service or Labour, but shall be delivered up on Claim of the Party to whom such Service or Labour may be due.¹¹

SECTION. 3. ¹New States may be admitted by the Congress into this Union; but no new State shall be formed or erected within the Jurisdiction of any other State; nor any State be formed by the Junction of two or more States, or Parts of States, without the Consent of the Legislatures of the States concerned as well as of the Congress.

²The Congress shall have Power to dispose of and make all needful Rules and Regulations respecting the Territory or other Property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to Prejudice any Claims of the United States, or of any particular State.

¹¹ This clause has been affected by amendment XIII.

SECTION. 4. The United States shall guarantee to every State in this Union a Republican Form of Government, and shall protect each of them against Invasion; and on Application of the Legislature, or of the Executive (when the Legislature cannot be convened) against domestic Violence.

ARTICLE. V.

The Congress, whenever two thirds of both Houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose Amendments to this Constitution, or, on the Application of the Legislatures of two thirds of the several States, shall call a Convention for proposing Amendments, which, in either Case, shall be valid to all Intents and Purposes, as Part of this Constitution, when ratified by the Legislatures of three fourths of the several States, or by Conventions in three fourths thereof, as the one or the other Mode of Ratification may be proposed by the Congress; Provided that no Amendment which may be made prior to the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any Manner affect the first and fourth Clauses in the Ninth Section of the first Article; and that no State, without its Consent, shall be deprived of its equal Suffrage in the Senate.

ARTICLE. VI.

¹All Debts contracted and Engagements entered into, before the Adoption of this Constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution, as under the Confederation.

²This Constitution, and the Laws of the United States which shall be made in Pursuance thereof; and all Treaties made, or which shall be made, under the Authority of the United States, shall be the supreme Law of the Land; and the Judges in every State shall be bound thereby, any Thing in the Constitution or Laws of any State to the Contrary notwithstanding.

³The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the Members of the several State Legislatures, and all executive and judicial Officers, both of the United States and of the several States, shall be bound by Oath or Affirmation, to support this Constitution; but no religious Test shall ever be required as a Qualification to any Office or public Trust under the United States.

ARTICLE. VII.

The Ratification of the Conventions of nine States, shall be sufficient for the Establishment of this Constitution between the States so ratifying the Same.

DONE in Convention by the Unanimous Consent of the States present the Seventeenth Day of September in the Year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and Eighty seven and of the Independence of the United States of America the Twelfth IN WITNESS whereof We have hereunto subscribed our Names,

G^o. WASHINGTON—*Presid^r*.

and deputy from Virginia

[Signed also by the deputies of twelve States.]

New Hampshire

JOHN LANGDON

Supremacy
Clause
Treaties are
Supreme law
of land, and
this constitution
Judges have
an oath,
they have
violated their
oaths of office

NICHOLAS GILMAN

*Massachusetts*NATHANIEL GORHAM
RUFUS KING*Connecticut*WM. SAM^L. JOHNSON
ROGER SHERMAN*New York*

ALEXANDER HAMILTON

*New Jersey*WIL. LIVINGSTON
DAVID BREARLEY.
WM. PATERSON.
JONA. DAYTON*Pennsylvania*B FRANKLIN
THOMAS MIFFLIN
ROBT MORRIS
GEO. CLYMER
THOS. FITZSIMONS
JARED INGERSOLL
JAMES WILSON.
GOUV MORRIS*Delaware*GEO. READ
GUNNING BEDFORD jun
JOHN DICKINSON
RICHARD BASSETT
JACO. BROOM*Maryland*JAMES MCHENRY
DAN OF ST THOS. JENIFER
DAN^L. CARROLL.*Virginia*JOHN BLAIR—
JAMES MADISON Jr.*North Carolina*WM BLOUNT
RICH^D. DOBBS SPAIGHT.
HU WILLIAMSON*South Carolina*J. RUTLEDGE
CHARLES COTESWORTH PINCKNEY
CHARLES PINCKNEY
PIERCE BUTLER.*Georgia*WILLIAM FEW
ABR BALDWINAttest WILLIAM JACKSON *Secretary*

ARTICLES IN ADDITION TO, AND AMENDMENT OF, THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, PROPOSED BY CONGRESS, AND RATIFIED BY THE LEGISLATURES OF THE SEVERAL STATES, PURSUANT TO THE FIFTH ARTICLE OF THE ORIGINAL CONSTITUTION¹²

¹²The first ten amendments to the Constitution of the United States (and two others, one of which failed of ratification and the other which later became the 27th amendment) were proposed to the legislatures of the several States by the First Congress on September 25, 1789. The first ten amendments were rati-

ARTICLE [I.]¹³

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances.

ARTICLE [II.]

A well regulated Militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear Arms, shall not be infringed.

ARTICLE [III.]

No Soldier shall, in time of peace be quartered in any house, without the consent of the Owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE [IV.]

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no Warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by Oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

ARTICLE [V.]

No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a Grand Jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the Militia, when in actual service in time of War or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

ARTICLE [VI.]

In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the Assistance of Counsel for his defence.

fied by the following States, and the notifications of ratification by the Governors thereof were successively communicated by the President to Congress: New Jersey, November 20, 1789; Maryland, December 19, 1789; North Carolina, December 22, 1789; South Carolina, January 19, 1790; New Hampshire, January 25, 1790; Delaware, January 28, 1790; New York, February 24, 1790; Pennsylvania, March 10, 1790; Rhode Island, June 7, 1790; Vermont, November 3, 1791; and Virginia, December 15, 1791.

Ratification was completed on December 15, 1791.

The amendments were subsequently ratified by the legislatures of Massachusetts, March 2, 1839; Georgia, March 18, 1839; and Connecticut, April 19, 1839.

¹³Only the 13th, 14th, 15th, and 16th articles of amendment had numbers assigned to them at the time of ratification.

notice

1:17-CR-00292-ELR-ATB

On the government's recommendation March 31st 2022, they recognize and accepted the responsibility for the length of the delay, the reason of the delay, and government accepted fault to the defendants right to a speedy trial; The defendant generally must demonstrate actual prejudice to succeed on his speedy trial claim. Court must assess the prejudice suffered by the defendant in light of these three interest of the defendant, the speedy trial right was intended to protect;

1. To prevent oppressive pretrial incarceration;
2. To minimize anxiety and concern of the accused;
3. To limit the possibility that the defense will be impaired, which is the most serious because it is the inability to adequately prepare a proper defense, skews the entire system;

United states v. Villarreal 613 F.3d 1344 (11th Circ, 2010)

HN6 - HN13

United states v. Uranga, 2016 U.S. Dist lexis 152429

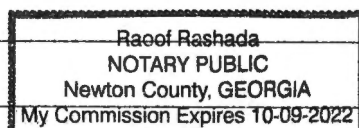
HN2 - HN6 - HN7 - HN14

a defendant has no duty to bring himself to trial; government has that duty.

United states v. Pedoto, 2017 U.S. Dist. lexis 155278

HN3 - HN5 - HN4 - HN13 - HN14 - HN18 - HN15

I've been incarcerated for 4 years 7 months without presentment of grand jury. Grounds for dismissal, delay in filing - Fed. R. Crim P. 48(b) the Court may dismiss an indictment if unnecessary delay occurs in (3) bringing a defendant to trial.

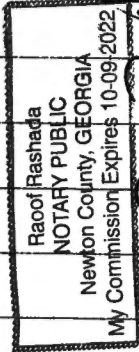


Raouf Rashada
4/13/22

Arturo Gonzalez Renteria
Arturo Gonzalez Renteria

Doc - # 2001

March - 09 - 2022



Dear honourable district judge Eleanor L. Ross
 my name is Arturo Gonzalez Renteria Case #
 respectfully by this letter I greet you and as my judge and
 by humanity I ask you honor to help me give proceeding to my
 Case. I have 4 and a half years incarcerated in a pod of
 40x40x40 feet of space with another 31 more inmates waiting
 for the legal process of my Case since Sep-13-2017.

I submitted a motion for suppression of evidence on March-06-2018

I had Court for that motion on Sep-20-2020 but I never
 got answer back from my lawyers or from Court on 4 years.

I sent a certified letter (ATT. #1) to my lawyers on Sep-09-2021
 asking them move forward with my Case and to ask for bond
 once again but I didn't received any response back from them.

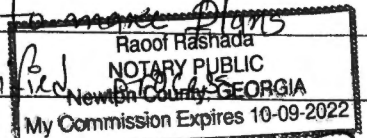
I sent another certified letter (ATT. #2) to my lawyers on Dec-01-2021
 asking them to submit a motion to dismissal of my Case for the
 violation of my speedy trial right and by failure to prosecute,
 for unusual and Cruel punishment of my incarceration of 54 months
 with unjustified proceeding under cite: 2020-12 Moore's Federal update 08(2020)

my lawyers received my letter on Dec-06-2021 but they submitted
 a motion on Dec-01-2021 I receive a Copy of that motion
 with out file date (ATT. #3). The honourable magistrate judge
 mr. Alan J. Baverman made a recommendation and transferred
 to your honor and my lawyers told me, your honor by your
 own decision returned it to the honourable judge mr Alan
 J. Baverman so that it would be answered by him.

I don't have any document other the motion because on many
 occasions by e-mail, and phone I ask to my lawyers to send me

Respectfully,
 Arturo Gonzalez Renteria

Racool Rashada
NOTARY PUBLIC
Newton County, GEORGIA
My Commission Expires: 12/31/2018



Honorable lawyer's Bruce S. Harvey and James Roland Hodes
 I am writting to you because for the past year I have not see
 or heard from you. My daughter exchange e-mail with you and she to
 told me, you schedule meetings to see me few times and I was expe
 you, however you have not showed up and I believe that you are ver
 busy, so this is the reason I thinking maybe this is the better way
 of Comunication for you.

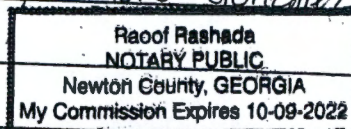
For the past 3 and half years my daughter by e-mail and I in person
 when I saw few times during that time, have been asking for items like
 photographs, recordings from Cameras that the governments installed in my house
 warrants againts me, investigation reports, a list of evidence that government
 took from my house, all transcripts, identity of all the witnesses government
 has, that apply to me and the Case and all any other evidence government
 has, I asked you, my lawyers, why I have not receive this items so far.
 Respectfully I am asking to submit this petition/motion that is attached
 to this letter, to the Court/Judge. (Attachment #1). Please review and see
 if you need to add anything else to this petition/motion if neccessary to make
 stronger or more effective please go head.

After you submitted the motion on march 6 2018, which still pending for Ho
 norable Judge Alan J. Berman, you advised me multiples times to be patient,
 has been over 3 and half years, I am wondering what is your recommendation
 now. On many occasions I asked both of you if I a citizen of united of america
 has any right under our constitution to have judge to expedite for his/her
 answer you told me I have no right and I have to wait for the judge
 and his answer to his/her own discretion, I am asking again after 3 and
 half years I still do not have a right to get an answer?.
 has been 4 years from the day of my arrest and my Case still at the same point
 have been locked down in this facility, I am in a pot with 40x40x40 feet
 high with 31 more inmates, I eat the same food every week for the past

4 years, if I want to make a coffee or warm my food up I have to use microwave because there is no other way to heat things up, so I have been exposed to radiation in my food, my drinks and my person because everybody here use microwave the same way and microwave all the times is working that for 4 years, due to that and another problems like a H. pylori bacteria I am suffering and have problems in my stomach and developed in me sure pain, ulcer, hernia on top of my belly button I been suffering many digestive problems and I never had a proper treatment's attention, it is very hard to get a simple pain pill at this facility, also I am feeling anxiety and I am emotionally stressed and tired because I feel abandoned by you my lawyers, my Judge's and by our legal system, I am suffering cruel, inhumane, unusual punishment over me and my case out of the pledge of allegiance. For these reasons I would like to know or if you would recommend to appeal bond to Circuit Court, I acquire for the past 4 years, work certificates from kitchen, laundry, intake and other programs over the mail, classification sheets. this are the item I asked to submitted with the last bond but was rejected my request, now I would like to be submitted, I want to show to the judge what I did for the past 4 years and that I been productive individual in here, I am attaching all the certificates and other document to this letter and respectfully I asking you to be submitted this time please. (attachment #2). I am attaching to this letter (attachment #3) with granted cases. is good, and if you recommend, Can you help me and redact a letter for me, human rights organization and to any other institution or person I need to know all of this things is happening in my case and my person, please let me know. your attention thank you, respectfully, Arturo Gonzalez Renteria.

Arturo Gonzalez Renteria

09-09-21



Raoul Rashada
 9/9/21

June 24 2022

REQUEST FOR BOND MOTION (PROLONGED PRETRIAL DETENTION)
CASE # 1:17-CR-00292

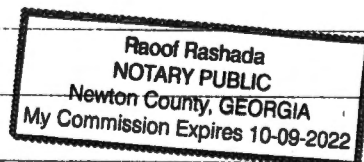
Dear lawyers Bruce S. Harvey and James R. Hodes

Enclosed is a documents for a proposed motion for bond based on due process concerns. I have been in pretrial custody for 5 years and no court has approved excessive pretrial custody of this length.

I request that you file something similar on my behalf.

let me know your thoughts.

Respectfully: Arturo Gonzalez Centeno



Raoul Rashada
6/27/22

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA
ATLANTA DIVISION**

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,)	
v.)	
ARTURO GONZALEZ-RENTERIA,)	
Defendant.)	

NO.: 1:17-CR-292-ELR-JKL-3

MOTION TO WITHDRAW

COME NOW, Bruce S. Harvey and James R. Hodes, and having previously notified Mr. Arturo Gonzalez-Renteria of our intent to withdraw¹ due to irreconcilable breakdowns in communications and our inability to effectively represent him as a result of these ongoing breakdowns in communications;

Hereby, respectfully request this Honorable Court grant this Motion to Withdraw.

This 23rd day of March, 2023.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Bruce S. Harvey
LAW OFFICE OF BRUCE S. HARVEY
Attorney for Defendant

¹ Undersigned counsel announced our intent to move to withdraw in open court at Mr. Gonzalez-Renteria's re-arraignment on the Third Superseding Indictment.

Bruce S. Harvey, GA Bar No. 335175
146 Nassau Street
Atlanta, Georgia 30303
(404) 659-4628

/s/ James R. Hodes
JAMES R. HODES
Attorney for Defendant

James R. Hodes, GA Bar No. 884898
P.O. Box 310223
Miami, FL 33231

R.A.D.D.F.

Case 1:17-cr-00292-ELR-JKL Document 119 Filed 04/17/23 Page 12 of 13

Arturo Gonzalez Renteria

71053019

P. O BOX 730

Lovejoy Ga 30250

Robert A. I
Correctiona

CLEARED DATE

APR 17 2023

U.S. Marshals Service
Atlanta, GA 30303

quadiant

FIRST-CLASS MAIL
IMI

\$005.23⁰

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09/08/2022

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Kevin P. Weimer u.s district court clerk
75 Ted turner dr. N.W. #2211
Atlanta Ga. 30303

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Robert A. Deyton
Correctional Facility

